The Failed Back Surgery Syndrome

• Prevention and treatment of a Medical tragedy

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A second opinion is the best deal in American medicine

Credentials:

Board certification in: Neurosurgery (A.A.N.S.) Pain Medicine (F.A.A.P.M.) Independent Medical examiner (C.I.M.E.) "A second opinion is the best deal in American medicine"

• Failed back Surgery Syndrome is also called FBSS.

• It is a *complex expensive* health problem with considerable medical, social and economic impact "A second opinion is the best deal in American medicine"

• Patients : unsatisfied, angry or depressed

• Doctors are frustrated and stressed

• Payers are overwhelmed



Why?

- Despite advances in technology the failure rate of Spine surgery *remains* high
- Lumbar laminectomy for stenosis Success rate = 65%
- Knee surgery: success rate = 95%

Why?

The causes are:
Pre operative
Intra operative
Post operative

Preoperative Factors

Psychological + Socio economic
Poor procedure selection
Rush to surgery

Intra Operative Factors

Poor technique
Complex situation (conjoined roots)
Rush to surgery

Poor technique

Nerve injury
Wrong level
CSF leak

Post operative factors

Progressive disease
Neuropathic pain
Instability

Progressive disease

Recurrent herniation
Epidural fibrosis (Scarring)
Adjacent segment stenosis

Prevention

Analyze first: "Look before you jump"
Risks/ benefit issues for the patients
Choices/ Benefits for the Doctors
Costs/ benefit issues for the Payers

Risk benefit issues for the patients

Is there a clear anatomical diagnosis?
Did conservative treatment really fail ?
If so , is surgery worth the risk ? QALY
Financial and psychological component

Any Questions?

• Get a Second opinion !

Choices /benefits for the Surgeons

Revision surgeries and diminishing returns
What is the best operation?
Does the patient understand all the risks ?

Any Questions?

• Get a Second opinion !

Costs/ benefits issues for the Payers Before surgery :

• Is the surgery necessary, inevitable, dangerous, expensive.

- Randomized controlled trials
- Duplicate services
- Time lost from work

Costs/Benefits for the payers After surgery :

Physical therapy necessary?
If so what kind and how long
Customize to patients physical and socio economic profile

Neurosurgical Evaluation Why and When

• Understand the medical or <u>non-surgical</u> aspects of lumbar surgery

Specialties involved with Chronic Spine pain

- Neurologists
- Psychologists/ Psychiatrists
- Osteopaths, Chiropractors, Acupuncturists
- Physiatrists, Physical therapists
- Interventional pain specialists

Conditions evaluated

- Ruptured disc
- Spondylolisthesis
- Degenerative disc disease
- Stenosis
- Stenosis with listhesis

Conditions evaluated

Myofascial or ligamentous component
Scoliosis
Facette injury

Neurosurgical Evaluation Why and When

• Neurosurgeons can:

• Understand the anatomy and compare

• The <u>surgical and non surgical components</u> of chronic spinal pain.

Neurosurgical Evaluation Why and When

• Neurosurgeons can:

• Choose the best <u>Treatment Algorithm</u>

Treatment algorhythm

- Medical management
- Physical therapy
- Injection therapy
- Surgery
- Post-operative care

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